

Compilation of Population Mental Health Related Data Sources

NAME OF DATABASE OR OTHER SOURCE OF DATA	SCOPE	TARGET	DESCRIPTION	LINK
General Population Health				
Canada Census: Health Indicators [CIHI & Statistics Canada]	National	All	Health Indicators provide an overview of the joint CIHI-Statistics Canada Health Indicators reporting project and describes CIHI's new program of work in health system performance reporting. This publication contains the most recently available health indicators data and features an In Focus section that highlights the expanded reporting of health indicators by socio-economic status.	https://secure.cihi.ca/estore/productFamily.htm?locale=en&pf=PFC2195&lang=en
Health Profile [Canadian Community Health Survey, CIHI, Canadian Cancer Registry and Vital Statistics]	National	All	This reflects the latest data from the Canadian Community Health Survey, CIHI, Canadian Cancer Registry, and Vital Statistics. This application is designed to give quick access to the latest health-related data for a selected health region or census metropolitan area. It also provides the corresponding provincial data by default but a different area can be selected for comparison. The Health Profile features sub-provincial data from a number of sources including Statistics Canada's vital statistics, Canadian Cancer Registry, the Canadian Community Health Survey, and Census of Population, as well as hospitalization data from the Canadian Institute for Health Information.	http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/health-sante/82-228/index.cfm?Lang=E&sid=a&lid=1
Health Trends [Canadian Community Health Survey, Canadian Cancer Registry, Vital Statistics]	National	All	<p>This reflects the latest comparable time-series data from the Canadian Community Health Survey, Canadian Cancer Registry, and Vital Statistics. This product presents comparable time-series data for a range of health indicators from a number of sources including the Canadian Community Health Survey, Vital Statistics, and Canadian Cancer Registry. The application is designed to give quick access to recent trends that can be customized by indicator or by geography.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For details on other health topics and their impact, please visit the most recent issue of Health Fact Sheets, or check out the newest CANSIM Table, with data for more than 35 health indicators at the health-region level. 	<p>http://www.statcan.gc.ca/pub/82-221-x/82-221-x2013001-eng.htm</p> <p>Health Fact Sheets: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/pub/82-625-x/82-625-x2013001-eng.htm</p> <p>CANSIM Table: http://www5.statcan.gc.ca/cansim/a26?lang=eng&retrLang=eng&id=1050501&tabMode=dataTable&srcHLan=-1&p1=-1&p2=9</p>

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Canadian Health Measures Survey [Statistics Canada]	National	All	The Canadian Health Measures Survey is a national survey that collects information from Canadians about their general health and lifestyles. Topics covered include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • general health • nutrition • lifestyle and physical activity • medical history • smoking habits • alcohol and medication use • sexual behaviour • environment and housing characteristics • some demographic and socioeconomic characteristics. 	http://www.statcan.gc.ca/survey-enquete/household-menages/5071-eng.htm
National Population Health Survey [Statistics Canada]	National	All	This is a longitudinal survey that interviews the same group of Canadians every two years. The survey collects information on health, as well as the factors that can have an influence on health. Topics covered include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the health status of the population including physical, mental and social well-being • the use of health care services such as visits to doctors, admissions to hospitals and the use of medications • the factors that influence health such as work and lifestyle habits • changes that people undergo as they age. 	http://www.statcan.gc.ca/survey-enquete/household-menages/3225-eng.htm
Ontario Population Health Index of Databases (OPHID)	Provincial	All	This is an index of a wide variety of quantitative information sources for and about Ontario that reflect both the state of the health of its populations and possible explanatory variables. It is not a data-access platform; the objective of OPHID is to improve population health research by informing researchers about the data sources that are out there, the types of data that are in them, and how to contact data providers regarding potential data access. OPHID is freely available to researchers, students, practitioners and decision-makers from across Ontario from the population health sector as well as other related disciplinary fields.	http://ophid.scholarsportal.info/home/index.html
The Provincial Health Planning Database [Knowledge and Exchange, MOHLTC]	Provincial	All	This is a standardized database of health-related demographic, clinical, and statistical data created/derived from a variety of internal and external sources. The information holding includes selected hospital information, home care information, vital statistics (births and deaths), and population information. Key characteristics are patient location (geography) including LHIN, hospital location, age, sex, and birth date, admission/discharge information, triage (ER only), patient diagnoses, interventions performed when applicable, case groupers and resource weighting.	http://www.health.gov.on.ca/transformation/providers/information/resources/healthplan_guide.pdf

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Association of Public Health Epidemiologists in Ontario (APHEO)	Provincial	All	This website contains definitions (but not data) for over 120 public health indicators. It is a resource that enhances accurate and standardized reporting of information across public health units in Ontario. The Core Indicators were originally created to link to objectives outlined in the Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care's <i>Mandatory Health Programs and Services Guidelines</i> . They are now being revised to reflect the <i>Ontario Public Health Standards</i> released in November 2008. The Core Indicators form the foundation for community health status reporting in public health in Ontario.	http://www.apheo.ca/index.php?pid=55
Ontario Rapid Risk Factor Surveillance System (RRFSS)	Provincial	All	This is an ongoing telephone survey used to gather surveillance data, monitor public opinion on key public health issues, and collect information on emerging issues of importance to public health in Ontario. The purpose of RRFSS is to provide timely data relevant to local public health needs. RRFSS is used to monitor key public health issues yet is adaptable to collect information on emerging issues. The results from RRFSS are used to support program planning and evaluation, to advocate for public policy development, and to improve community awareness regarding the risks for chronic diseases, infectious disease and injuries.	http://www.rrfss.ca/index.php?pid=21
IntelliHealth Ontario [Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care]			This knowledge repository contains clinical and administrative data collected from various sectors of the Ontario healthcare system. Users can create queries and run reports through easy web-based access to high quality, well organized, integrated data. Available data are related to hospital services, community care, medical services, vital statistics and population data. Reports from this data are used to inform operational planning and decision making processes.	https://www.intellihealth.moh.gov.on.ca/SASPortal/mainUnchallenged.do?unchallenged=yes

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Chronic Disease				
Chronic Disease Infobase (CDI) [Public Health Agency of Canada]	National	All	This database profiles the epidemiology of major non-communicable diseases in Canada, including the most current cancers; and cardiovascular and respiratory diseases; by province/territory and by regional health unit. Demographic, mortality, morbidity, risk factor (including substance use and mental health) and related health care data are currently available. The database is updated as data become available. Several display options are available. Multiple area comparisons, morbidity and mortality time trends, birth cohort mortality trends and proportional mortality trends are just some of the options. Thematic mapping with user friendly options is also available.	http://www.cvdinfobase.ca/surveillance/Index.aspx
Survey on Living with Chronic Disease [Statistics Canada and PHAC]	National	All	This is a cross-sectional survey sponsored by the Public Health Agency of Canada (PHAC) that collects information related to the experiences of Canadians with chronic health conditions. The SLCDC takes place every two years, with two chronic diseases covered in each survey cycle. The SLCDC asks respondents about a number of issues related to chronic health conditions, including diagnosis of a chronic health condition, care received from health professionals, medication use and self-management of their condition. The survey aims: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To assess the impact of chronic health conditions on quality of life • To provide more information on how people manage their chronic health conditions • To identify health behaviours which influence disease outcomes • To identify barriers to self-management of chronic health conditions 	http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=5160&Item_Id=84769&lang=en
Continuing Care Reporting System (CCRS) [CIHI]	National	All	The Continuing Care Reporting System (CCRS) was created to be a resource for standardized clinical and administrative information on continuing care in Canada. The database includes detailed clinical, functional and service information that identifies residents' preferences, needs and strengths, and provides a snapshot of the services they use. At the clinical level, CCRS data guide front-line care planning and quality improvement, and support analysis of resident risks and outcomes over time. At the management and policy-making level, the data are used to support planning, quality improvement, funding and accountability. The CCRS captures information on individuals in publicly funded facilities such as hospitals and residential care facilities. Content includes clinical and functional characteristics of residents including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cognitive function 	http://www.cihi.ca/CIHI-ext-portal/internet/en/document/types-of+care/hospital+care/continuing+care/ccrs_metadata#

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			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vision • Psychosocial well-being • Continence • Health conditions • Skin condition • Treatments/procedures • Communication/hearing • Mood and behaviour • Physical function • Disease diagnosis • Nutritional/oral status • Activity patterns 	

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Mental Health				
Canadian Community Health Survey – Mental Health (CCHS – Mental Health) [CIHI & Statistics Canada]	National	All	The purpose of this is to collect information about mental health status, access to and perceived need for formal and informal services and supports, functioning and disability, and link between mental health and covariates (i.e., social, demographic, geographic, and economic variables or characteristics).	http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=5015&Item_Id=119790&lang=en
Ontario Mental Health Reporting System (OMHRS) [CIHI]	Provincial	Adults	This system collects, analyzes and reports on information submitted to CIHI about individuals admitted to designated adult mental health beds in Ontario. The comprehensive data collected by OMHRS is based on the Resident Assessment Instrument–Mental Health (RAI-MH). It includes information about mental and physical health, social support and service use.	http://www.cihi.ca/CIHI-external/internet/en/document/types-of-care/specialized-services/mental-health-and-addictions/omhrs_metadata
Mental Health Service Information Ontario (MHSIO) [Connex Ontario]	Provincial	All	MHSIO provides an online and searchable, and a printed version, of the Ontario Directory of Mental Health Services that outlines all services available in a given geographic region according to the type of services provided. The directory is available from MHSIO upon request. MHSIO also provides a virtual directory of mental health services on its web-site.	http://www.connexontario.ca/
Hospital Mental Health Database (HMHD)	National	All	This database contains data on hospitalizations for mental illness in Canada. This data helps us understand the factors influencing mental health and addictions, as well as the treatment of these diseases. HMHD data informs policy, clinical practices and service management in the mental health field.	http://www.cihi.ca/CIHI-external/internet/EN/tabbedcontent/types-of-care/specialized-services/mental-health-and-addictions/cihi021343
NAMHR Mental Health Programs for Aboriginal	National	Aboriginals	This database describes existing mental health promotion, prevention and intervention programs and models for Aboriginal peoples in Canada. The database was developed through a scan conducted for Health Canada. The database is to be maintained by the Network for Aboriginal Mental Health Research with support from Health Canada and updated periodically.	http://www.namhr.ca/mental-health-programs/

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Peoples in Canada				
CAMH Monitor	National	Adults	The CAMH Monitor is the longest ongoing addiction and mental health survey of adults in Canada. The survey is designed to serve as the primary vehicle for monitoring substance use and mental health problems among Ontario adults. It provides epidemiological trends in alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use, problem use, public opinion regarding drug issues and policies, and mental health among Ontarians. About 3,000 Ontario adults are interviewed each year, using random-digit-dialing. The survey consists of 12 independent monthly surveys (January - December).	http://www.camh.ca/en/research/news_and_publications/Pages/camh_monitor.aspx

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Child & Youth Health and Development				
Survey of Young Canadians (SYC) [Statistics Canada]	National	Youth	<p>This survey provides nationally representative indicators on child development. The objectives of the Survey of Young Canadians are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To determine the prevalence of various risk and protective factors for children; • To provide information on child development (such as cognitive, emotional and behavioural development); • To make this information available for developing policies and programs that will help children; • To collect information about the environment in which the child is growing up – family, peers, school, and community. 	http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=5179&Item_Id=81300&lang=en
Canadian Student Health Data [Canadian Association of College and University Student Services; CACUSS]	National	Post Secondary students	<p>In June 2013, CACUSS published the largest amount of data ever collected on the health of Canadian post-secondary students. More than 30,000 students, from over 30 Canadian institutions responded to the National College Health Assessment (NCHA) survey. The data will help individual campuses, provincial organizations and government and others understand the health needs and concerns of this unique population.</p>	http://www.cacuss.ca/health_data.htm

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Early Development Instrument (EDI) [Offord Centre for Child Studies]	National	Children 4-6 yrs old	<p>The EDI was developed to measure the readiness of children 4 to 6 years of age to learn in a school environment. The five general domains that are measured in relation to developmental benchmarks include: physical health and well-being; social competence; emotional maturity; language and cognitive development; and communication skills and general knowledge. The data is used at a population level and can be matched to data from other sources but only for group comparison purposes. The instrument provides information on areas of strength and deficit for various populations of children, monitors populations over time and predicts how the children will do in elementary school.</p>	http://www.offordcentre.com/readiness/guidelines.html

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Addictions				
Canadian Tobacco, Alcohol and Drugs Survey (CTADS) [Statistics Canada]	National	All	The overall objective of the survey is to provide continual and reliable data on tobacco, alcohol and drug use and related issues, with the primary focus on 15 to 24 year olds.	http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=4440&Item_Id=136980
Canadian Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey (CTUMS) [Health Canada]	National	All	This survey was developed to provide Health Canada and its partners with timely, reliable, and continual data on tobacco use and related issues. The survey's primary objective is to track changes in smoking status and amount smoked, especially for 15-24-year-olds, who are most at risk for taking up smoking.	http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hc-ps/tobac-tabac/research-recherche/stat/ctums-esutc_2012-eng.php
Youth Smoking Survey (YSS) [Statistics Canada]	National	Youth	This survey provides timely and accurate monitoring of the tobacco use in school aged children (grades 6-12). YSS contributes to the development of sound and effective tobacco control policies and programs.	http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hc-ps/tobac-tabac/research-recherche/stat/_survey-sondage_2010-2011/result-eng.php
Canadian Internet Use Survey [Statistics Canada]	National	All	This survey measures household access to the Internet and individual online behaviours including electronic commerce.	http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=4432&Item_Id=66020&lang=en
The Ontario Student Drug Use and Health Survey (OSDUHS) [CAMH]	Provincial	Youth	This is a population survey of Ontario students in grades 7 to 12. It began in 1977 and is the longest ongoing school survey in Canada, and the second longest in North America. This self-administered, anonymous survey is conducted across the province every two years with the purpose of identifying epidemiological trends in student drug use, mental health, physical activity, and risk behaviour, as well as identifying risk and protective factors. The OSDUHS began as a drug use survey, but is now a broader study of adolescent health and well-being. Topics covered include: tobacco, alcohol and other drug use and harmful consequences of	http://www.camh.ca/en/research/news_and_publications/ontario-student-drug-use-and-health-survey/Pages/default.aspx

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			use, mental health indicators, physical health indicators, health care utilization, body image, gambling and video gaming behaviours and problems, violence and bullying, criminal behaviours, school connectedness, and family life.	
Drug and Alcohol Treatment Information System (DATIS) [CAMH]	Provincial	All	This is a province-wide information system that tracks client demographic and service utilization data for problem gambling and addiction treatment agencies. The Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH) is contracted by MOHLTC to manage the DATIS system.	http://www.datis.ca/

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Justice				
Youth Court Statistics in Canada [The Integrated Criminal Court Survey (ICCS) [Statistics Canada]	National	Youth	This is administered by the Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics (Statistics Canada) in collaboration with provincial and territorial government departments responsible for criminal courts in Canada. The survey collects statistical information on adult and youth court cases involving <i>Criminal Code</i> and other federal statute charges. Data contained in this article represent the youth court portion of the survey. The individuals involved are persons aged 12 to 17 years (up to the 18th birthday) at the time of the offence. All youth courts in Canada have reported data to the youth component of the survey since the 1991/1992 fiscal year.	http://www.statcan.gc.ca/pub/85-002-x/2013001/article/11803-eng.htm#a10
Corrections Key Indicator Report [Statistics Canada]	National	All	<p>The use of key indicator data is important for monitoring trends in correctional populations. These data assist policy makers and corrections managers in formulating decisions based upon historical comparisons. Key indicator data also give some indication of current trends and demands and provide a basis for calculating incarceration rates based on the Canadian population. Subjects include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Children and youth • Correctional services • Crime and justice • Crime and justice (youth) 	http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=3313&Item_Id=140346

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Income and Employment				
Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics [Statistics Canada]	National	All	At the heart of the survey's objectives is the understanding of the economic well-being of Canadians: what economic shifts do individuals and families live through, and how does it vary with changes in their paid work, family make-up, receipt of government transfers or other factors?	http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=3889&lang=en&db=IMDB&dbg=f&adm=8&dis=2
Employment Insurance Coverage Survey	National	All	The main purpose of this survey is to study the coverage of the employment insurance program. It provides a meaningful picture of who does or does not have access to EI benefits among the jobless and those in a situation of underemployment. The Employment Insurance Coverage Survey also covers access to maternity and parental benefits. The survey was designed to produce a series of precise measures to identify groups with low probability of receiving benefits, for instance, the long-term jobless, labour market entrants and students, people becoming unemployed after uninsured employment, people who have left jobs voluntarily and individuals who are eligible, given their employment history, but do not claim or otherwise receive benefits. The survey provides a detailed description of the characteristics of the last job held as well as reasons for not receiving benefits or for not claiming. Through the survey data, analysts will also be able to observe the characteristics and situation of people not covered by EI and of those who exhausted EI benefits, the job search intensity of the unemployed, expectation of recall to a job, and alternate sources of income and funds. Survey data pertaining to maternity and parental benefits answer questions on the proportion of mothers of an infant who received maternity and parental benefits, the reason why some mothers do not receive benefits and about sharing parental benefits with their spouse. The survey also allows looking at the timing and circumstances related to the return to work, the income adequacy of households with young children and more.	http://www.statcan.gc.ca/daily-quotidien/121105/dq121105b-eng.htm

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General Population Well-being				
General Social Survey (GSS) [Statistics Canada]	National	All	The two primary objectives of this survey are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To gather data on social trends in order to monitor changes in the living conditions and well-being of Canadians over time; and • To provide immediate information on specific social policy issues of current or emerging interest. 	http://www5.statcan.gc.ca/bsolc/olc-cel/olc-cel?catno=89F0115X&CHROPG=1&lang=eng
National Household Survey (NHS) [Statistics Canada]	National	All	Between May and August 2011, Statistics Canada conducted this survey for the first time. This voluntary, self-administered survey was introduced as a replacement for the long census questionnaire, more widely known as Census Form 2B. The NHS is designed to collect social and economic data about the Canadian population. The objective of the NHS is to provide data for small geographic areas and small population groups.	http://www12.statcan.gc.ca/nhs-enm/index-eng.cfm